## **Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the paragraph on page 8, lines 1-2 with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- FIGS 2B-2M 2J-are cross sectional views of a nozzle portion of the device shown in FIG 2A;--

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 20, line 26 with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- Referring to FIGS. 2B-2M-2J, the nozzle 23 functions to direct the formulation flow towards the receiver 14. It is also used to attenuate the final velocity with which the functional material impinges on the receiver 14. Accordingly, nozzle geometry can vary depending on a particular application. For example, nozzle geometry can be a constant area having a predetermined shape (cylinder 28, square 29, triangular 30, etc.) or variable area converging 31, variable area diverging 38, or variable area converging-diverging 32, with various forms of each available through altering the angles of convergence and/or divergence. Alternatively, a combination of a constant area with a variable area, for example, a converging-diverging nozzle with a tubular extension, etc., can be used. In addition, the nozzle 23 can be coaxial, axisymmetric, asymmetric, or any combination thereof (shown generally in 33). The shape 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 of the nozzle 23 can assist in regulating the flow of the formulation. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the nozzle 23 includes a converging section or module 34, a throat section or module 35, and a diverging section or module 36. The throat section or module 35 of the nozzle 23 can have a straight section or module 37.--